

# **SPECIFICATION**

Model Number: 1.54" e-Paper (B)

Screen Size: 1.54"

Description : Color: Black, White and Red

Display Resolution: 200\*200



Waveshare Electronics 10F, International Science & Technology Building, Fuhong Rd, Futian District, Shenzhen, China

Website: www.waveshare.com



# **Revision History**

Rev.	<b>Issued Date</b>	Revised Contents
1.0	Jan.12.2014	Preliminary
1.12	Feb.27.2014	1. In part 6, Modify BUSY_N to BUSY. For more details please see page 11.
1.2	Apr.08.2014	1. Modify the specification's name epd1in54b to
1.2	Apr.06.2014	1.54" e-Paper-B.
1.3	Jun.12.2014	1. In part 4: Modify Mechanical Drawing of EPD module
		1. In part 9-2): Add program code.
		2. In part 2: Modify Low current deep sleep mode to Low current sleep mode
1.4	Jul.03.2014 3.	3. In part 74-1): Delete oscillator frequency.
		4. In part 7-4-2): Modify timing characteristics of serial interface.
		5. In part 5-1): Modify pin VPP to NC.
1.5	Aug.04.2014	1. Modify the specification's name 1.54" e-Paper-B to
1.3	Aug.04.2014	1.54inch e-Paper (B).
1.6	Aug.13.2014	1. In part 12: Modify high temperature operation 50 °C to 40 °C.
1.0	Aug.13.2014	2. In part 14: Modify dot defect.
2.0	Feb.27.2014	1. In part 7-5): Modify Reference Circuit.

www.waveshare.com 2/33



# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION CONTENTS

NO.	ITEM	PAGE
-	Cover	1
-	Revision History	2
-	Contents	3
1	Over View	4
2	Features	4
3	Mechanical Specifications	4
4	Mechanical Drawing of EPD module	5
5	Input/Output Terminals	6
6	Command Table	8
7	Electrical Characteristics	15
8	Waveform LUT control software	23
9	Typical Operating Sequence	24
10	Optical Characteristics	26
11	Handling, Safety and Environment Requirements	28
12	Reliability test	29
13	Block Diagram	30
14	Point and line standard	31
15	Packing	33

www.waveshare.com 3/33



#### 1. Over View

The display is a TFT active matrix electrophoretic display, with interface and a reference system design. The 1.54" active area contains 200×200 pixels, and has 1-bit black/white and highlight red full display capabilities. An integrated circuit contains gate buffer, source buffer, interface, timing control logic, oscillator, DC-DC, SRAM, LUT, VCOM and border are supplied with each panel.

#### 2. Features

- High contrast
- High reflectance
- Ultra wide viewing angle
- Ultra low power consumption
- Pure reflective mode
- Bi-stable
- Commercial temperature range
- Landscape, portrait mode
- Antiglare hard-coated front-surface
- Low current sleep mode
- On chip display RAM
- Serial peripheral interface available
- On-chip oscillator
- On-chip booster and regulator control for generating VCOM, Gate and source driving voltage
- I<sup>2</sup>C Signal Master Interface to read external temperature sensor
- Available in COG package IC thickness 300um

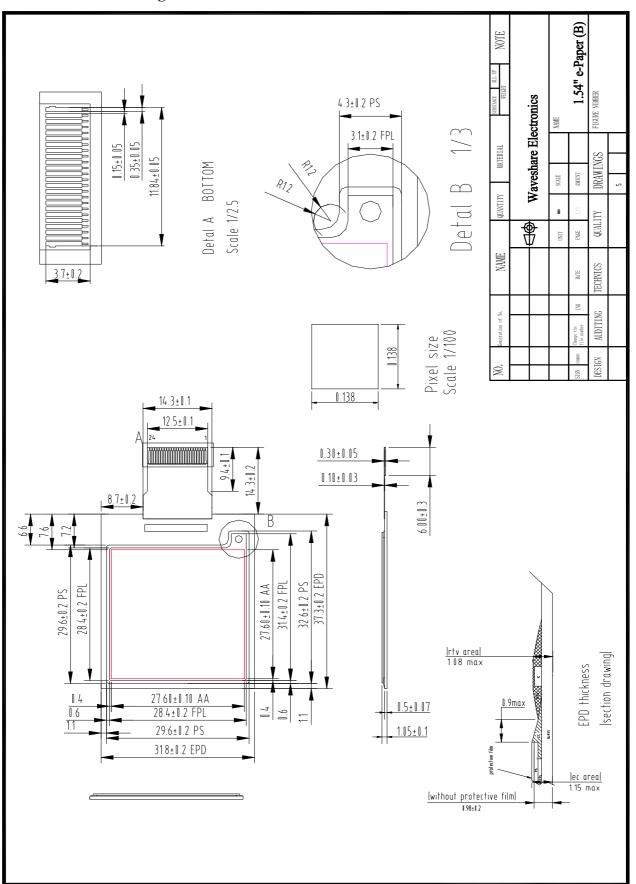
## 3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	Remark
Screen Size	1.54	Inch	
Display Resolution	200(H)×200(V)	Pixel	Dpi: 184
Active Area	27.6(H)×27.6(V)	mm	
Pixel Pitch	0.138×0.138	mm	
Pixel Configuration	Square		
Outline Dimension	31.8(H)×37.3(V) ×1.05(D)	mm	
Weight	2.18±0.5	g	

www.waveshare.com 4/33



# 4. Mechanical Drawing of EPD module



www.waveshare.com 5/33



# 5. Input/Output Terminals

# 5-1) Pin out List

Pin#	Type	Single	Description	Remark
1		NC	No connection and do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
2	О	GDR	N-Channel MOSFET Gate Drive Control	
3	О	RESE	Current Sense Input for the Control Loop	
4	С	VGL	Negative Gate driving voltage	
5	С	VGH	Positive Gate driving voltage	
6	О	TSCL	I <sup>2</sup> C Interface to digital temperature sensor Clock pin	
7	I/O	TSDA	I <sup>2</sup> C Interface to digital temperature sensor Date pin	
8	I	BS1	Bus selection pin	Note 5-5
9	О	BUSY	Busy state output pin	Note 5-4
10	I	RES#	Reset	Note 5-3
11	I	D/C #	Data /Command control pin	Note 5-2
12	I	CS#	Chip Select input pin	Note 5-1
13	I/O	D0	serial clock pin (SPI)	
14	I/O	D1	serial data pin (SPI)	
15	I	VDDIO	Power for interface logic pins	
16	I	VCI	Power Supply pin for the chip	
17		VSS	Ground	
18	С	VDD	Core logic power pin	
19		NC	No connection and do not connect with other NC pins	Keep Open
20	С	VSH	Positive Source driving voltage	
21	С	PREVGH	Power Supply pin for VGH and VSH	
22	С	VSL	Negative Source driving voltage	
23	С	PREVGL	Power Supply pin for VCOM, VGL and VSL	
24	С	VCOM	VCOM driving voltage	

Note 5-1: This pin (CS#) is the chip select input connecting to the MCU. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled Low.

Note 5-2: This pin (D/C#) is Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU. When the pin is pulled High,

www.waveshare.com 6/33



the data will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled Low, the data will be interpreted as command.

- Note 5-3: This pin (RES#) is reset signal input. The Reset is active low.
- Note 5-4: This pin (BUSY) is Busy state output pin. When Busy is Low, the operation of chip should not be interrupted and any commands should not be issued to the module. The driver IC will put Busy pin Low when the driver IC is working such as:
  - Outputting display waveform; or
  - Communicating with digital temperature sensor
- Note 5-5: This pin (BS1) is for 3-line SPI or 4-line SPI selection. When it is "Low", 4-line SPI is selected. When it is "High", 3-line SPI (9 bits SPI) is selected. Please refer to below Table.

**Table: Bus interface selection** 

BS1	MPU Interface
L	4-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI)
Н	3-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI) – 9 bits SPI

www.waveshare.com 7 / 33



# 6. Command Table

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
	PWR	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(01H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VDS_EN	VDG_EN	03H
R01H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	00H
	3 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1				VDPS_LV4	VDPS_LV3	VDPS_LV2	VDPS_LV1	VDPS_LV0	08H
	4 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1				VDNS_LV4	VDNS_LV3	VDNS_LV2	VDNS_LV1	VDNS_LV0	08H
R02H	POF	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(02H)
R04H	PON	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	(04H)
	BTST	W	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	(E2H)
DOCH	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	0	0	BT_PHA4	BT_PHA3	1	1	1	0FH
R06H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	0	0	ВТ_РНВ4	ВТ_РНВ3	1	1	0	0EH
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	BT_PHC4	ВТ_РНС3	1	0	1	0DH
	DTM1	W	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	(10H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	KPxI1[0]	KPxl2[1]	KPxI2[0]	KPxl3[1]	KPxl3[0]	KPxI4[1]	KPxI4[0]	KPxI1[1]	00H
R10H		W	1									00H
	M <sup>th</sup> Para	W	1	KPxl(N-1	KPxl(N-1)[	KPxlN[1]	KPxlN[0]					00H
				)[1]	0]							
R12H	DRF	W	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	(12H)
	DTM2	W	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	(13H)
	1st Para	W	1	PRx11	PRx12	PRxl3	PRxl4	PRx15	PRxl6	PRxl7	PRx18	00H
R13H		W	1									00H
	Mth Para	W	1	PRxl(	PRxIN							00H
				N-1)								

www.waveshare.com 8/33



Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
DANK	PLL	W	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	(30H)
R30H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	0	-	-	M2	M1	M0	N2	N1	N0	3CH
	TSC	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(40H)
R40H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	R	1	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6/TS3	D5/TS2	D4/TS1	D3/TS0	00H
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	R	1	D2	D1	D0	-	-	-	-	-	00H
D 4111	TSE	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	(41H)
R41H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	TSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	00H
	TSW	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	(42H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	WATTR7	WATTR6	WATT R5	WATTR4	WATTR3	WATTR2	WATTR1	WATTR0	00H
R42H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	WMSB7	WMSB6	WMSB 5	WMSB4	WMSB3	WMSB2	WMSB1	WMSB0	00H
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Para	W	1	WLSB7	WLSB6	WLS B5	WLSB4	WLSB3	WLSB2	WLSB1	WLSB0	00H
	TSR	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	(43H)
R43H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	R	1	RMSB7	RMSB6	RMS B5	RMSB4	RMSB3	RMSB2	RMSB1	RMSB0	00H
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	R	1	RLSB7	RLSB6	RLSB 5	RLSB4	RLSB3	RLSB2	RLSB1	RLSB0	00H
	CDI	W	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	(50H)
R50H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	_	_	-	DDX	CDI3	CDI2	CDI1	CDI0	17H
	TRES	W	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	(61H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	HRES7	HRES6	HRES 5	HRES4	HRES3	HRES2	HRES1	0	00H
R61H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HRES8	00H
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Para	W	1	VRES7	VRES6	VRES 5	VRES4	VRES3	VRES2	VRES1	VRES0	00H
	VDCS	W	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(82H)
R82H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	VDCS 5	VDCS4	VDCS3	VDCS2	VDCS1	VDCS0	00H

www.waveshare.com 9/33



# **Power Setting Register**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
	PWR	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(01H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	VDS_EN	VDG_EN	03H
R01H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	00H
	3rd Para	W	1	-	-	-	VDPS_LV4	VDPS_LV3	VDPS_LV2	VDPS_LV1	VDPS_LV0	08H
	4th Para	W	1	-	-	-	VDNS_LV4	VDNS_LV3	VDNS_LV2	VDNS_LV1	VDNS_LV0	08H

Name	Control	Value	Function Description
VDS_EN	Source Power	0	External positive source voltage from VDH pin and negative source
	Selection		voltage from VDL pin
		1	Internal voltage generation circuit for both VDH/VDL
VDG_EN	Gate Power	0	External positive source voltage from VDH pin and negative source
	Selection		voltage from VDL pin
		1	Internal voltage generation circuit for both VDH/VDL
VDPS_LV[4:0]	Source Voltage	-	Internal positive source voltage level for red LUT (range: $2.4V \sim 8.0V$ /
	Level(Red)		step:0.2V)
VDNS_LV[4:0]	Source Voltage	-	Internal negative source voltage level for red LUT (range: $-2.4V \sim -8.0V$
	Level(Red)		/ step:0.2V)

Note: For this panel the 2<sup>nd</sup>Para must set as 0x00.

#### **Power OFF**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
R02H	POF	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(02H)

After the Power Off command, driver will power off based on the power off Sequence, BUSY will become "0". This command will turn off charge pump, T-con, source driver, gate driver, VCOM, and temperature sensor, but register data will be kept until VDD becomes OFF.

SD output and Vcom will base on previous condition. It may have 2 conditions: 0V or floating.

This command can be active only when BUSY = "1".

www.waveshare.com 10 / 33



#### **Power ON / Setting**

	8											
Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
R04H	PON	W	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	(04H)
	BTST	W	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	(E2H)
DOCH	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	0	0	BT_PHA4	BT_PHA3	1	1	1	0FH
R06H	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	0	0	BT_PHB4	ВТ_РНВ3	1	1	0	0EH
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	BT_PHC4	ВТ_РНС3	1	0	1	0DH

Name	Control	Value	Descr	ription
DT DILA[4.2]		00	1	
BT_PHA[4:3]	Driving	01	2	
BT_PHB[4:3]	Strength	10	3	
BT_PHC[4:3]		11	4	₩

NOTE: For this panel, You 'd better to set these bits's (BT\_PHA\BT\_PHB\BT\_PHC) value to 00.

#### Data Start Transmission 1 / Data Stop Command (B/W)

z www.v z winsingszon z + z ww svop communu (z + + )													
Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default	
	DTM1	W	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	(10H)	
R10H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	KPixe	el1[1:0]	KPixe	12[1:0]	KPixe	13[1:0]	KPixel4[1:0]	I4[1:0]	00H	
КІОП		W	1					•				00H	
	M <sup>th</sup> Para	W	1	KPixel(n-1)[1:0]		KPixel(n)[1:0]		-	-	-	-	00H	

This Command starts transmitting data and write them into SRAM. To complete data transmission, command DSP(Data transmission Stop) must be issued. Then the chip will start to send data/VCOM for panel.

	KPixel(x)[1:0]	LUT
When DDX=0	00	White
when DDA=0	11	Black
When DDV-1	00	Black
When DDX=1	11	White

This command can be active only when BUSY = "1".

#### **Data Refresh Command**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
R12H	DRF	W	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	(12H)

While user sent this command, driver will refresh display (data/VCOM) according to SRAM data and LUT.

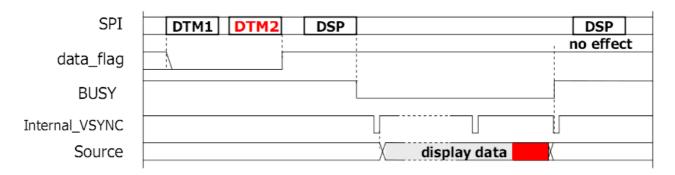
This command can be active only when BUSY ="1". After display refresh command, BUSY signal will become "0".

www.waveshare.com 11/33



# Data Start Transmission 1&2 / Data Stop Command(B/W/Red)

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
	DTM2	W	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	(13H)
	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	PRxl1	PRx12	PRx13	PRxl4	PRx15	PRxl6	PRxl7	PRx18	00H
R13H		W	1									00H
	M <sup>th</sup> Para	W	1	PRxl(N-	PRxlN							00H
				1)								



- 1. <data\_flag>=1 while writing both DTM1 and DTM2 parameters fully (B/W/Red)
- 2. SEG/BG/VCOM change based on internal frame clock

#### **PLL Control**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
DOM	PLL	W	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	(30H)
R30H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	0	-	-	M2	M1	M0	N2	N1	N0	3CH

Note: For this panel the R30H Must be set as follow:

When Temperature  $\geq 30$  value=0x39; When Temperature  $\leq 30$  value=0x2A.

www.waveshare.com 12 / 33



# **Temperature Sensor Command**

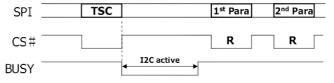
Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
	TSC	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(40H)
R40H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	R	1	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6/TS3	D5/TS2	D4/TS1	D3/TS0	00H
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	R	1	D2	D1	D0	-	-	-	-	-	00H

**Internal Sensor Mapping** 

internai	Sensor Mapping
TS[3:0]	temperature
0000	0 ℃
0001	5 ℃
0010	10 ℃
0011	15 ℃
0100	20 ℃
0101	25 ℃
0110	30 ℃
0111	35 ℃
1000	40 ℃
1001	45 °C
1010	50 ℃

#### External LM75 Sensor Mapping (D10~D0)

Table 10. Temp reg	ister value		
11-bit binary (2's complement)	Hexadecimal value	Decimal value	Value
011 1111 1000	3F8	1016	+127.000 °C
011 1111 0111	3F7	1015	+126.875 °C
011 1111 0001	3F1	1009	+126.125 °C
011 1110 1000	3E8	1000	+125.000 °C
000 1100 1000	0C8	200	+25.000 °C
000 0000 0001	001	1	+0.125 °C
000 0000 0000	000	0	0.000 °C
111 1111 1111	7FF	-1	-0.125 °C
111 0011 1000	738	-200	-25.000 °C
110 0100 1001	649	-439	-54.875 °C
110 0100 1000	648	-440	-55.000 °C



Typical External Sensor Cycles

# **Temperature Sensor Setting**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
R41H	TSE	W	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	(41H)
K41H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	TSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H

Name	Control	Value	Description
TSE	Temperature Sensor	0	Internal temperature sensor
ISE	Selection	1	External temperature sensor

# **VCOM** and Data Interval Setting Command

	Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
ſ	R50H	CDI	W	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	(50H)
	КЭОП	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	DDX	CDI3	CDI2	CDI1	CDI0	17H

Note: For this panel the R50H Must be set as 0x17.

www.waveshare.com 13 / 33



# **Resolution Setting Command**

Code	Inst/Pa	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
	ra											
	TRES	W	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	(61H)
R61H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	HRES7	HRES6	HRES5	HRES4	HRES3	HRES2	HRES1	0	00H
KOIH	2 <sup>nd</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	HRES8	00H
	3 <sup>rd</sup> Para	W	1	VRES7	VRES6	VRES5	VRES4	VRES3	VRES2	VRES1	VRES0	00H

Name	Control	Description
HRES[7:0]	Horizontal Resolution	(1) Horizontal resolution setting (HRES[0] is forced to '0') (2) Minimum active SD channel = S0
		(3) Maximum active SD channel = min_active SD + HRES[7:0] - 1
VRES[8:0]	Vertical Resolution	<ul><li>(1) Vertical resolution setting</li><li>(2) Minimum active GD channel = G0</li></ul>
	22227	(3) Maximum active GD channel = min_active GD + VRES[8:0] - 1

Resolution setting(R61H) has higher priority than RES[1:0](R00H).

Note: For this panel R61H 's value must be 0xC8, 0x00, 0xC8.

# **VCOM-DC Setting**

Code	Inst/Para	R/W	DC	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
R82H	VDCS	W	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(82H)
K62H	1 <sup>st</sup> Para	W	1	-	-	VDCS5	VDCS4	VDCS3	VDCS2	VDCS1	VDCS0	0CH

VDCS[5:0]	VCOM Value	VDCS[5:0]	VCOM Value
000000	0v		
000001	-0.1v	011011	-2.7v
000010	-0.2v	011100	-2.8v
000011	-0.3v	011101	-2.9v
000100	-0.4v	011110	
000101	-0.5v		-3.0v
000110	-0.6v	111111	

www.waveshare.com 14/33



#### 7. Electrical Characteristics

## 7-1) Absolute maximum rating

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	$V_{CI}$	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Logic Input Voltage	$V_{\mathrm{IN}}$	-0.5 to VCI +0.5	V
Logic Output Voltage	$V_{ m OUT}$	-0.5 to VCI +0.5	V
Operating Temp. range	$T_{OPR}$	0 to +40	$^{\circ}$
Storage Temp. range	$T_{STG}$	-25 to +60	$^{\circ}$

# 7-2) Panel DC Characteristics

The following specifications apply for : VSS = 0V, VCI = 3.0V, TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Single ground	$V_{SS}$	-	-	0	-	V
Logic Supply Voltage	VCI	-	2.3	3.0	3.6	V
High level input voltage	VIH	-	0.8VCI	-	-	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	-	-	-	0.2VCI	V
High level output voltage	VOH	IOH= -100uA	0.9VCI	-	-	V
Low level output voltage	VOL	IOH= 100uA	-	-	0.1VCI	V
Image update current	I <sub>UPDATE</sub>	-	-	8	10	mA
Standby panel current	Istandby	-	-	-	5	uA
Power panel (update)	P <sub>UPDATE</sub>	-	-	26.4	40	mW
Standby power panel	$P_{STBY}$	-	-	-	0.0165	mW
Operating temperature	-	-	0	-	40	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage temperature	-	-	-25	-	60	$^{\circ}$ C
Image updateTime at 25°C	-	-	-	8	12	Sec
Sleep mode current	VCI	DC/DC off No clock No input load Ram data not retain	-	2	5	uA

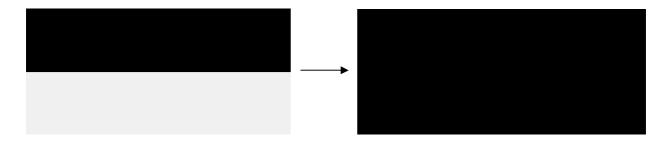
- The Typical power consumption is measured with following pattern transition: from horizontal 2 gray scale pattern to vertical 2 gray scale pattern.(Note 7-1)
- The standby power is the consumed power when the panel controller is in standby mode.
- The listed electrical/optical characteristics are only guaranteed under the controller & waveform provided by Waveshare
- Vcom is recommended to be set in the range of assigned value  $\pm$  0.1V.

Note 7-1

The Typical power consumption

www.waveshare.com 15 / 33





# 7-3) Panel AC Characteristics

# 7-3-1) MCU Interface

# 7-3-1-1) MCU Interface Selection

In this module, there are 4-wire SPI and 3-wire SPI that can communicate with MCU. The MCU interface mode can be set by hardware selection on BS1 pins. When it is "Low", 4-wire SPI is selected. When it is "High", 3-wire SPI (9 bits SPI) is selected.

Pin Name	Pin Name Data/Command Interface Control Signal				
Bus interface	D1	D0	CS#	D/C#	RES#
SPI4	SDin	SCLK	CS#	D/C#	RES#
SPI3	SDin	SCLK	CS#	L	RES#

Table 7-1: MCU interface assignment under different bus interface mode

Note 7-2: L is connected to VSS

Note 7-3: H is connected to VCI

www.waveshare.com 16/33



#### 7-3-1-2) MCU Serial Interface (4-wire SPI)

The 4-wire SPI consists of serial clock SCLK, serial data SDIN, D/C#, CS#. In SPI mode, D0 acts as SCLK, D1 acts as SDIN.

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCLK
Write Command	L	L	<b>†</b>
Write data	L	Н	1

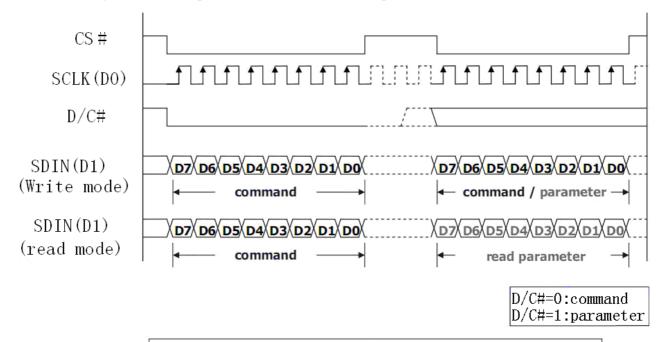
Table 7-2: Control pins of 4-wire Serial Peripheral interface

Note 7-9: ↑stands for rising edge of signal

SDIN is shifted into an 8-bit shift register in the order of D7, D6, ... D0. The data byte in the shift register is written to the Graphic Display Data RAM (RAM) or command register in the same clock.

Under serial mode, only write operations are allowed.

Figure 7-1: Write procedure in 4-wire Serial Peripheral Interface mode



 $\mathrm{D}/\mathrm{C}\#$  keeps the same value during the whole 8-bit cycles.

www.waveshare.com 17 / 33



#### 7-3-1-3) MCU Serial Interface (3-wire SPI)

The 3-wire serial interface consists of serial clock SCLK, serial data SDIN and CS#.

In 3-wire SPI mode, D0 acts as SCLK, D1 acts as SDIN, The pin D/C# can be connected to an external ground.

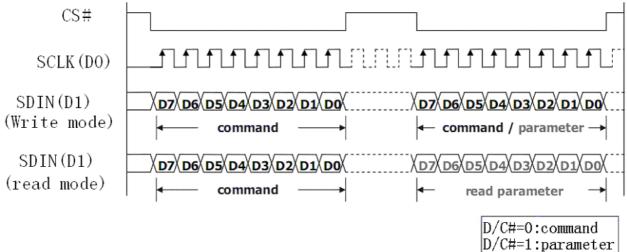
The operation is similar to 4-wire serial interface while D/C# pin is not used. There are altogether 9-bits will be shifted into the shift register on every ninth clock in sequence: D/C# bit, D7 to D0 bit. The D/C# bit (first bit of the sequential data) will determine the following data byte in shift register is written to the Display Data RAM (D/C# bit = 1) or the command register (D/C# bit = 0). Under serial mode, only write operations are allowed.

Function	CS#	D/C#	SCLK
Write Command	L	Tie LOW	<b>↑</b>
Write data	L	Tie LOW	<b>†</b>

Table 7-3: Control pins of 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface

**Note 7-10**: ↑stands for rising edge of signal

Figure 7-2: Write procedure in 3-wire Serial Peripheral Interface mode

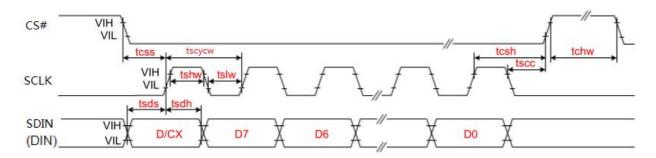


D/C#=1:parameter

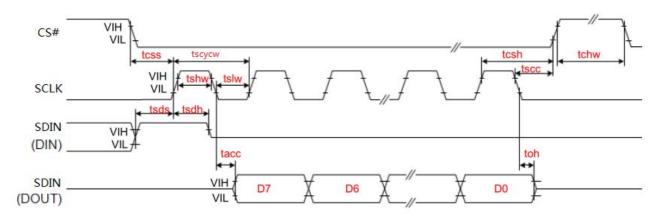
www.waveshare.com 18 / 33



# 7-3-2) Timing Characteristics of Series Interface



3-wire Serial Interface - Write



3-wire Serial Interface - Read

Symbol	Signal	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		SERIAL COMMUNIC	ATION			
tcss		Chip Select Setup Time	60	-	-	ns
tcsh	CCD	Chip Select Hold Time	65	-	-	ns
tscc	CSB	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	-	ns
tchw		Chip Select Setup Time	40	-	-	ns
tscycw		Serial clock cycle (write)	100	-	-	ns
tshw		SCL "H" pulse width (write)	35	-	-	ns
tslw	COL	SCL"L" pulse width (write)	35	-	-	ns
tscycr	SCL	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	-	ns
tshr		SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60	-	-	ns
tslr		SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60	-	-	ns
tsds	CDDI	Data setup time	30	-	-	ns
tsdh	SDIN	Data hold time	30	-	-	ns
tacc	(DIN)	Access time	10	-	-	ns
toh	(DOUT)	Output disable time	15	-	-	ns

www.waveshare.com 19/33



# 7-4) Power Consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	TYP	Max	Unit	Remark
Panel power consumption during update	-	25℃	26.4	40	mW	-
Power consumption in standby mode	-	25℃	-	0.0165	mW	-

# 7-5) Reference Circuit

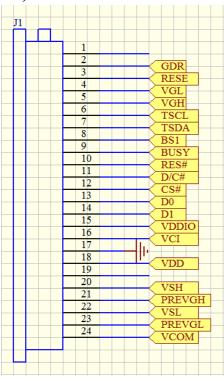


Figure . 7-5 (1)

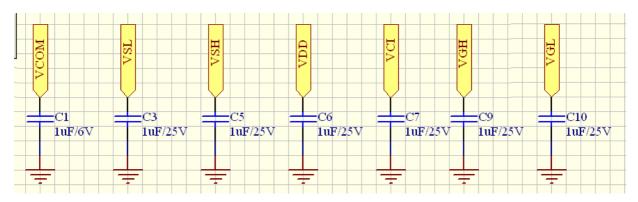


Figure . 7-5 (2)

www.waveshare.com 20 / 33

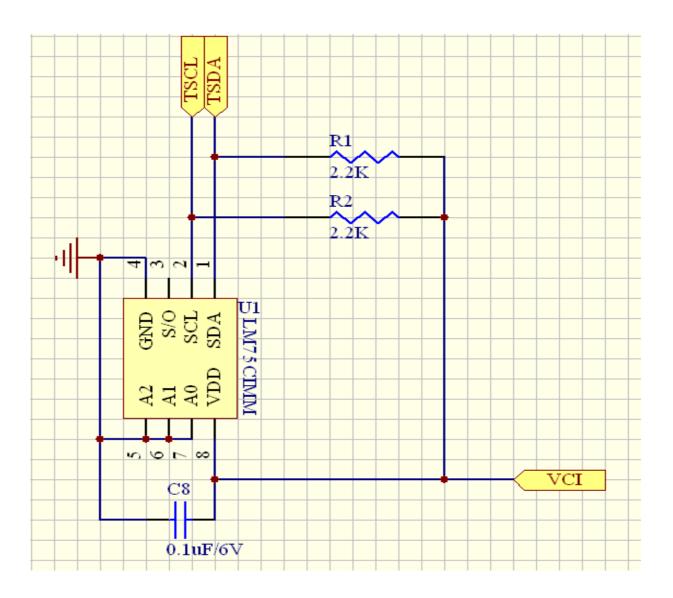


Figure . 7-5 (3)

www.waveshare.com 21 / 33

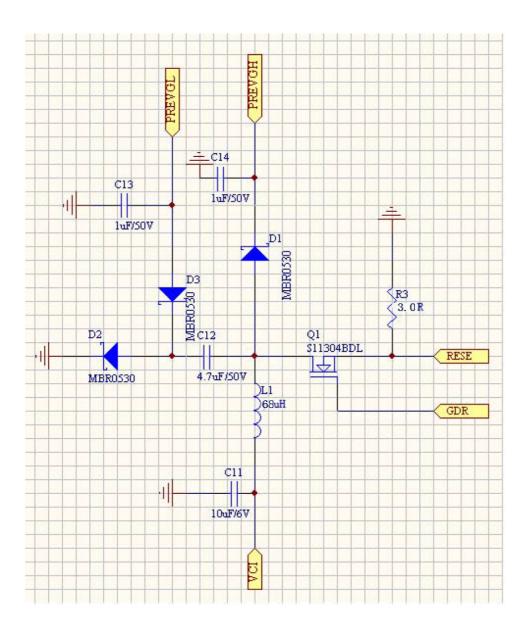


Figure . 7-5 (4)

www.waveshare.com 22 / 33



#### 8. Waveform LUT control software

For every bunch of EPD the waveform data is different, so you may receive the waveform LUT from Waveshare. You just need to use the follow sequence to download the waveform into driver IC.

sequence	command	Action Description	remark
1	04	Power on	Send cmd 04
2	20	VCOM LUT Setting	Send cmd 20 data lut_vcom0[]
3	21	White LUT Setting	Send cmd 21 data lut_w[]
4	22	Black LUT Setting	Send cmd 22 data lut_b[]
5	25	RED VCOM LUT Setting	Send cmd 25 data lut_vcom1[]
6	26	RED0 LUT Setting	Send cmd 26 data lut_red0[]
7	27	RED1 LUT Setting	Send cmd 27 data lut_red1[]

Note: To download the waveform into driver ic, you must send command 04 first, then send 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27 command.

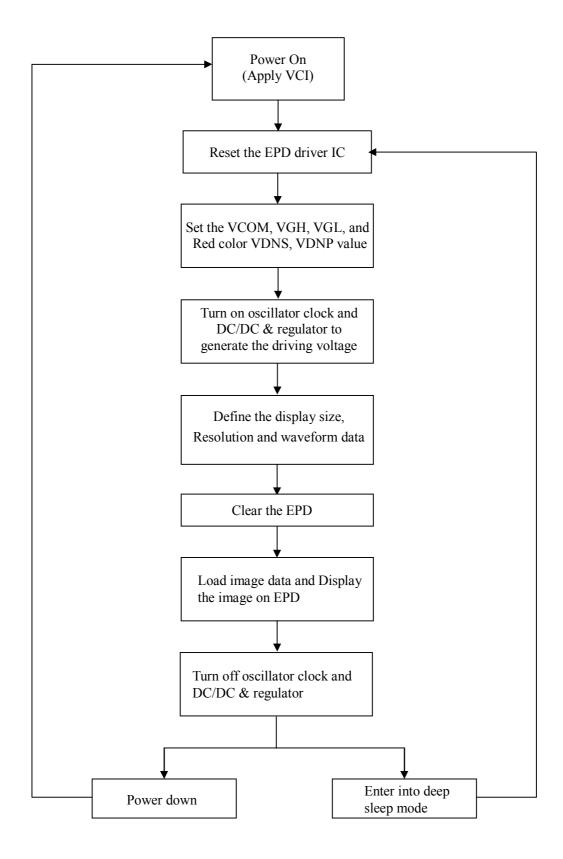
The data of lut\_vcom0[],lut\_w[],lut\_b[],lut\_red0[],lut\_red1[],each batch of EPD is different. Waveshare will support the data after you receive the EPD.

www.waveshare.com 23 / 33



# 9. Typical Operating Sequence

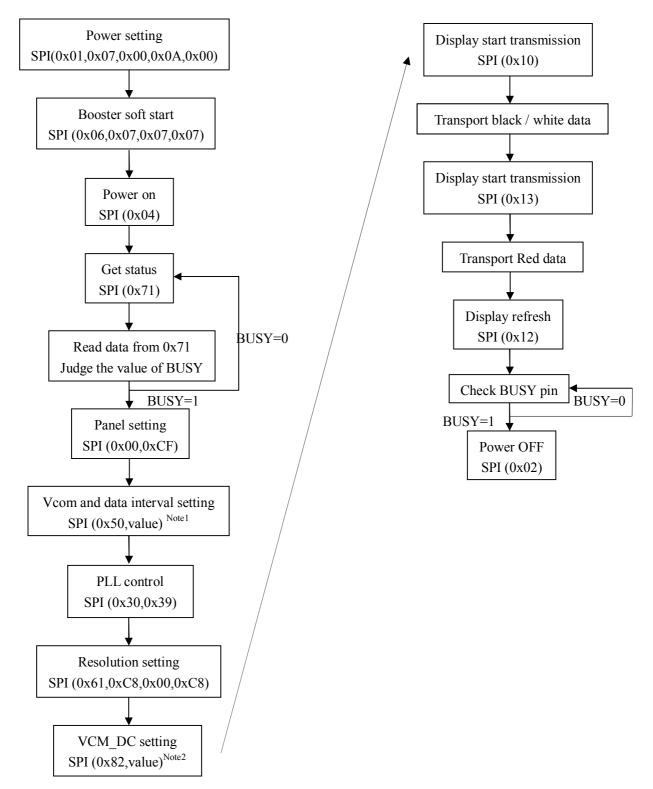
# 9-1) Normal Operation Flow



www.waveshare.com 24 / 33



#### 9-2) Reference Program Code



Note1: When value=0x57, border will be drive to black after refresh. When value=0x17, the border is set to floating. Note2: Different EPD with different VCOM value, Waveshare will provide different values according to different batches of EPD.

www.waveshare.com 25 / 33



#### 10. Optical characteristics

#### 10-1) Specifications

Measurements are made with that the illumination is under an angle of 45 degrees, the detection is perpendicular unless otherwise specified.

T=25°C

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION S	MIN	ТҮРЕ	MAX	UNIT	Note
R	Reflectance	White	30	35	-	0/	Note
RS_a	Red State a value	Red	30	35	45	%	10-1
Gn	2Grey Level	-	-	DS+(WS-DS) xn (m-1)	-	L*	-
CR	Contrast Ratio	indoor	8		-	1	-
Panel's life		0°C~40°C		1000000 times or 5			Note
ranel Sine		0 0~40 0		years			10-2

WS: White state, DS: Dark state

Gray state from Dark to White: DS, WS

m: 2

Note 10-1: Luminance meter: Eye – One Pro Spectrophotometer

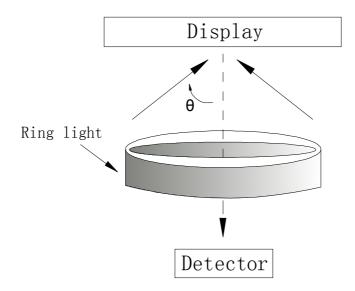
Note 10-2: When work in temperature below 0 degree or above 40 degree, we do not recommend because the panel's life will not be guaranteed

#### 10-2) Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio (CR) is the ratio between the reflectance in a full white area (R1) and the reflectance in a dark area (Rd)():

R1: white reflectance Rd: dark reflectance

CR = R1/Rd



www.waveshare.com 26 / 33

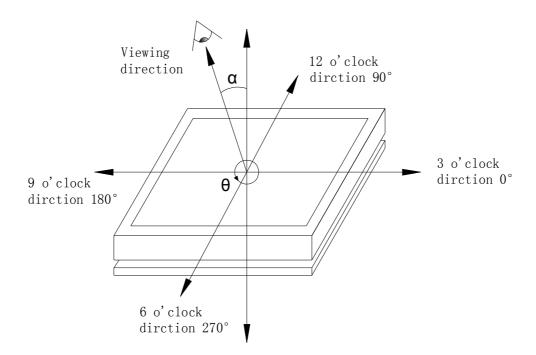


#### 10-3) Reflection Ratio

The reflection ratio is expressed as:

 $R = Reflectance \ Factor \ _{white \ board} \quad x \ (L \ _{center} \ / \ L \ _{white \ board} \ )$ 

 $L_{center}$  is the luminance measured at center in a white area (R=G=B=1).  $L_{white\ board}$  is the luminance of a standard white board. Both are measured with equivalent illumination source. The viewing angle shall be no more than 2 degrees.



www.waveshare.com 27 / 33



#### 11. HANDLING, SAFETY AND ENVIROMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

#### WARNING

The display glass may break when it is dropped or bumped on a hard surface. Handle with care.

Should the display break, do not touch the electrophoretic material. In case of contact with electrophoretic material, wash with water and soap.

#### **CAUTION**

The display module should not be exposed to harmful gases, such as acid and alkali gases, which corrode electronic components.

Disassembling the display module can cause permanent damage and invalidate the warranty agreements.

Observe general precautions that are common to handling delicate electronic components. The glass can break and front surfaces can easily be damaged. Moreover the display is sensitive to static electricity and other rough environmental conditions.

Data sheet status				
Product specification The data sheet contains final product specifications.				
Limiting values				

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device.

These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Application information**

Where application information is given, it is advisory and dose not form part of the specification.

Product Environmental certification				
ROHS				

www.waveshare.com 28 / 33



# 12. Reliability test

	TEST	CONDITION	METHOD	REMARK
1	High-Temperature Operation	$T = 40^{\circ}C$ , RH=30% for 240 hrs	IEC 60 068-2-2Bp	
2	Low-Temperature Operation	T = 0°C for 240 hrs	IEC 60 068-2-2Ab	
3	High-Temperature Storage	T = +60°C, RH=40% for 240 hrs Test in white pattern	IEC 60 068-2-2Bp	
4	Low-Temperature Storage	T = -25°C for 240 hrs Test in white pattern	IEC 60 068-2-2Ab	
5	High Temperature, High- Humidity Operation	T=+40℃,RH=90%for 240 hrs	IEC 60 068-2-3CA	
6	High Temperature, High- Humidity Storage	T=+50°C,RH=80% for 240 hrs Test in white pattern	IEC 60 068-2-3CA	
7	Temperature Cycle	[-25°C 30mins]→ [+60°C 30mins] ,50cycles Test in white pattern	IEC 60 068-2-14NB	
8	UV exposure Resistance	765 W/m <sup>2</sup> for 168 hrs,40°C	IEC 60 068-2-5 Sa	
9	Electrostatic discharge	Machine Model: +/-200V 0 OHM 200PF	IEC61000-4-2	
10	Package Vibration	1.04G,Frequency: 10~500Hz  Direction: X,Y,Z  Duration: 1 hours in each direction	Full packed for shipment	
11	Package Drop Impact	Drop from height of 122 cm on Concrete surface Drop sequence:1 corner, 3edges, 6face One drop for each.	Full packed for shipment	

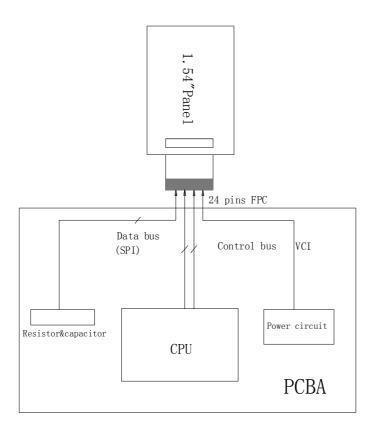
Actual EMC level to be measured on customer application.

Note: The protective film must be removed before temperature test.

www.waveshare.com 29 / 33



# 13. Block Diagram



www.waveshare.com 30 / 33



#### 14. Point and line standard

#### Shipment Inseption Standard

Equipment: Electrical test fixture, Point gauge

Outline demension:

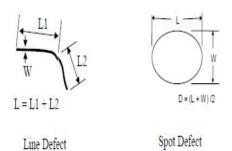
31.8(H) ×37.32(V) ×1.05(D)

Unit: mm

31.0(H) ×37.32(V) ×1.03(B)	<pre>&lt;37.32(V) ×1.05(D) Unit: mm</pre>						
	Temperature	Humidity	Illumina nce	Distance	Time	Angle	
Environment	23±2℃	55±5%RH	1200∼ 1500Lux	300 mm	35Sec		
	Defet type	Defect size		Part-A	Note		
		D ≤ 0.25mm		Ignore			
	Dot Dofoot	$0.25 \text{mm} < D \leq 0.52 \text{mm}$		4	The defect is below		
	Dot Defect	0. 5	$0.52 \mathrm{mm} < \mathrm{D} \leqslant 0.65 \mathrm{mm}$		1	protection film	
			0.65mm < D		0		
	1. Edge glue lost						
	2. Burr						
	3.Al-1 film over EPD	Distance	from edge	≤ 0.2mm	Ignore		
	4. Edge dent	Distance from edge ≤ 0.2mm Ignore					
	5. Edge protrusion						
ар	6. Dimension						
appearance	Edge dot defect	Distance from edge ≤ 0.75mm			Ignore		
rar	(Microcup Damage)				_		
nce	Diffusion length	Distance from edge ≤ 0. 5mm			Ignore		
S	of wiping solution						
standard	Microcup residue (at Vcom pad)	Distance from edge $\leq$ 0. 5mm		Ignore			
rd		Electric					
	Display unwork	Display	Not Allow				
		Electric					
	Display error	Display	Not Allow				
	PS PET warping	Vsual	cannot beyond 1/2 of the border				
	Protector hurt	77 1	L≤2 mm, W≤0.05 mm, Ignore;				
		Vsual	L>2 mm, W>0.05 mm, Not Allow;				
	Adhesive coating	Vsual Bubble: D≤0.65 & N≤2					
		cannot be dirty and breakdown; must be marked an			ust be marked and		
	Packing	Vsual identified					
	1. Cannot be defect&failure cause by appearance defect;						
Remark	2. Cannot be larger size cause by appearance defect;						

www.waveshare.com 31/33



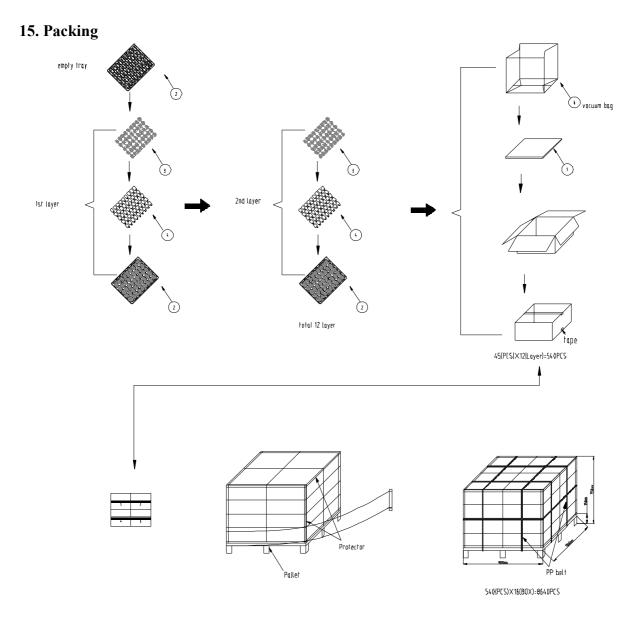


L=long W=wide D=point size

Edition	Content	Date
1	New edition	Sep. 30. 2013

www.waveshare.com 32 / 33





www.waveshare.com 33 / 33