Approval Sheet

SMD type UV Sensor

GUVA-S12SD

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PREPARED BY : Genicom Co. Ltd. APPROVED BY :

R&D	Р. М.	Q.A.	Sales

GNF-722-10(0)



1. Features

- GaN-based Schottky Photodiode
- Photovoltaic Mode Operation
- Good Visible Blindness
- > 3.5 × 2.8 × 1.9 (L × W × H) Small Size Surface Mount Type

2. Applications

- VVA Lamp Monitoring
- > UV Index Monitoring

3. Outline Diagrams and Dimensions



4. Electro-Optical Characteristics

1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Reverse Voltage	V _R		5	V	
Operation Temperature	Тор	-30	85	Ĉ	
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	90	Ĉ	
Soldering Temperature	Tsol		260	Ĵ	< 10 sec

2) Electro-Optical Characteristics (at 25 °C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Dark Current	Id			1	nA	Vr = 0.1 V
Photo Current	Iph	111		136	nA	UVA Power : 1 mW/cm ²
Peak Responsivity	Rp		0.15		A/W	$\lambda_p = 350 \text{ nm}, Vr = 0 V$
Cutoff Wavelength	λ_{cutoff}		370		nm	10 %of Rp
Spectral Detection Range	λ	240		370	nm	Monochromator Scan
Sensitivity Area	A		0.076		mm²	

3) Responsivity Curve (at 25 °C)



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5. Reliability

1) Criterion for Judging

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Dark Current	Id	-	1	nA	Vr = 0.1V
Photo Current	Iph	90	110	%	Vr = 0 V

2) Test Results

Classification / Item	Test Conditions	Fail / Pass	Reference standard
High Temperature Storage	90 °C, 1000 hrs	0 / 100	JIS-C-7021:B-10
Low Temperature Storage	-40 °C, 1000 hrs	0 / 100	JIS-C-7021:B-12
High Temperature & High Humidity Storage	60 ℃, 95 % RH, 240 hrs	0 / 100	MIL-STD-202:103B
Thermal Shock	-40 °C / 90 °C (15 cycles) Transfer Time < 10 s	0 / 100	MIL-STD-750:1056
Temperature Cycling	-40 °C / 90 °C (10 cycles) Transfer Time < 1 min Holding Time = 10 min	0 / 100	MIL-STD-750:1051
Pressure Cooker Test (PCT)	120 °C, 100 % RH, 2 atm (4 hrs)	0 / 100	JESD22-A102-C
Soldering Resistance	T.sol = 260 ± 5 °C Dwell time = 10 ± 1 s	0 / 100	MIL-STD-750:2031
ESD (HBM)	Class 1A : 300 V	0 / 100	JESD22-A114-B
UV Exposure	100 UVI, 500 hrs (UVB Lamp)	0 / 100	

6. Soldering

1) Soldering Pattern



Fig. 4. Recommended Soldering Pattern

2) Reflow Soldering Profile



Fig. 5. Recommended Reflow Soldering Profile

3) Manual Soldering Conditions

- Temperature : Max. 260 °C
- Time : Max. 10 s
- Caution : You must put to earth and shield the package from ESD damage. (ex.: wrist strap or anti-electrostatic gloves)





9. Cautions For Use UV Detector

- -. In case of cleaning, use only IPA.
- -. To be kept under clean environment. For more than 3months storage, put in sealed containers
- -. It should be soldered within 7days after opening a seal.
- -. Use a wrist strap or anti-electrostatic gloves for handling, to protect from a static electricity and surge
- -. If you operate it over the absolute maximum ratings, that may cause a permanent damage.
- -. It can be damaged by working environment which is not shielded from a static electricity.
- -. Damaged products show unusual characteristics such as large leakage current, or do not work.

	Appendix 1. Visual Inspection of Microscope (Defect limited sample)						
No.	Item	Image	Criterion of Judging				
1	Foreign Object (To apply same Criterion inside and outside Package)		< Top View > Fixed Foreign Object : < 0.3 mm •Not to be Foreign Objects on the Chip and Si-Encapsulant directly above Chip				
2	Air Bubble		•Not to be Air Bubble in PKG				



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Appendix 3. UV sensor measurement method & caution

1) Equipment for measurement

- Jig for SMD3528 measure
- Picoammeter (Low current measuring instrument) (Ex. Keithley 6485)
- UV Lamp (Ex. Sankyo Denki UVA lamp, F4T5BLB)
- Standard sample (Genicom can offer about 10 samples)
- 2) Measurement method
 - Turn on the UV Lamp and hold down about 10 minutes.
 - Fixed regular distance between UV Lamp and Jig.
 - Confirm the Photocurrent of standard sample.
 - Photocurrent of standard sample vary according optical power of UV lamp (distance from
 - UV Lamp). For example, photocurrent is 200 nA.
 - UV sensor (you should measure) put up the jig and read the photocurrent.
- 3) Precaution when measuring
 - Distance between UV Lamp and UV sensor must be constant.
 - When changing UV sensor, jig do not move.
 - If there have vibration or movement, photocurrent may measure differently.
 - We recommend you wear antistatic glove or wrist strip in order to protect UV sensor from static electricity.

4) Precaution when use the UV Lamp

- Limit coming and going to place UV Lamp is used & set up warning sign at entrance.
- Wearing a sunglass & glove . (UV cut off ratio : 99 ~ 100 %)
- Be careful that your body are not exposure to UV directly & limit time to exposure to UV.
- Do not watch the UV lamp without any protective outfit.
- If you do not use UV lamp, set up shutter can suspend UV and then attend to not exposure to outside.