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## Version History

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<th>Date</th>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>What is new</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V1.00</td>
<td>2018-09-28</td>
<td></td>
<td>New version</td>
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This document is a reference guide to all the AT commands defined for HTTP(S). Through these HTTP AT commands, you can send HTTP GET/POST request to HTTP server, and read HTTP response from HTTP server.
1 Introduction

1.1 The process of Using HTTP(S) AT Commands

**Step 1:** Ensure GPRS network is available before performing HTTP(S) related operations.

**Step 2:** Enable PDP context.

**Step 3:** Activate the PDP context to start HTTP(S) service by AT+HTTPINIT.

**Step 4:** Set HTTP(S) URL by AT+HTTPPARA.

**Step 5:** Send HTTP(S) request by setting the parameter of AT+HTTPACTION to different values, and when sending a HTTP(S) POST request, AT+HTTPDATA must be executed to input data to post before AT+HTTPACTION=2.

**Step 6:** Read HTTP(S) response header by AT+HTTPHEAD, and get HTTP(S) response content by AT+HTTPREAD or AT+HTTPREADFILE.

**Step 7:** Deactivate the PDP context to stop HTTP(S) service by AT+HTTPTERM.

2 Description of AT Command

2.1 AT+HTTPINIT  Start HTTP service

AT+HTTPINIT is used to start HTTP service by activating PDP context. You must execute AT+HTTPINIT before any other HTTP related operations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPINIT</th>
<th>Start HTTP service</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Execute Command</strong></td>
<td><strong>Response</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPINIT</td>
<td>a) If start HTTP service successfully: OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) If failed: ERROR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Maximum Response Time** 120000ms

**Defined Values**

| <err> | The type of error, please refer to chapter 5 |
2.2 AT+HTTPTERM  Stop HTTP Service

AT+HTTPTERM is used to stop HTTP service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| AT+HTTPTERM | Execute Command | a) If stop HTTP service successfully: OK  
b) If failed: ERROR |

2.3 AT+HTTPPARA  Set HTTP Parameters value

AT+HTTPPARA is used to set HTTP parameters value. When you want to access to a HTTP server, you should input `<value>` like `http://server/path(tcpPort)`. In addition, `https://server/path(tcpPort)` is used to access to a HTTPS server.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| AT+HTTPPARA="URL","<url >" | Write Command | a) If parameter format is right: OK  
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR |
| AT+HTTPPARA="CONNECTTO","<connection_timeout>" | Write Command | a) If parameter format is right: OK  
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR |
| AT+HTTPPARA="RECVTO","<recv_timeout>" | Write Command | a) If parameter format is right: OK  
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR |
| AT+HTTPPARA="CONTENT","<content_type>" | Write Command | a) If parameter format is right: OK  
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR |
| AT+HTTPPARA="ACCEPT","<accept-type>" | Write Command | a) If parameter format is right: OK  
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR |
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR

Write Command
AT+HTTPPARA="SSLCFG","<sslcfg_id>

Response
a) If parameter format is right: OK
b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR

Defined Values

<url>
URL of network resource. String, start with “http://” or ”https://”

a) http://‘server’/’path’: tcpPort
b) https://’server’/’path’: tcpPort

“server”: DNS domain name or IP address
“path”: path to a file or directory of a server
“tcpPort”: http default value is 80, https default value is 443 (can be omitted)

<conn_timeout>
Timeout for accessing server, Numeric type, range is 20-120s, default is 120s.

<recv_timeout>
Timeout for receiving data from server, Numeric type range is 2-20s, default is 10s.

<content_type>
This is for HTTP “Content-Type” tag, String type, max length is 256, default is “text/plain”.

<accept-type>
This is for HTTP “Accept-type” tag, String type, max length is 256, default is “*/*”.

<sslecfg_id>
This is setting SSL context id, Numeric type, range is 0-9. Default is 0. Please refer to SIM7500_SIM7600_SIM7800 Series_SSL_AT Command Manual.

2.4 AT+HTTPACTION  HTTP Method Action

AT+HTTPACTION is used to perform a HTTP Method. You can use HTTPACTION to send a get/post request to a HTTP/HTTPS server.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPACTION HTTP Method Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPACTION=?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+HTTPACTION: (0-3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Execute Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPACTION=&lt;method&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) If parameter format is right : OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
+HTTPACTION: <method>,<statuscode>,<datalen>

b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
ERROR

Defined Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;method&gt;</th>
<th>HTTP method specification:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0: GET</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: POST</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2: HEAD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3: DELETE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;statuscode&gt;</th>
<th>Please refer to chapter 4 and 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;datalen&gt;</th>
<th>The length of data received</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

2.5 AT+HTTPHEAD  Read the HTTP Header Information of Server Response

AT+HTTPHEAD is used to read the HTTP header information of server response when module receives the response data from server.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPHEAD</th>
<th>Read the HTTP Header Information of Server Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Execute Command</td>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPHEAD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a) If read the header information successfully:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+HTTPHEAD: &lt;data_len&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;data&gt;</td>
<td>OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) If read failed:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERROR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Defined Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;data_len&gt;</th>
<th>The length of HTTP header</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;data&gt;</th>
<th>The header information of HTTP response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

2.6 AT+HTTPREAD  Read the response information of HTTP Server

After sending HTTP(S) GET/POST requests, you can retrieve HTTP(S) response information from HTTP(S) server via UART/USB port by AT+HTTPREAD. When the <datalen> of “+HTTPACTION: <method>,<statuscode>,<datalen>” is not equal to 0, you can read the response information from HTTP(S) server by AT+HTTPREAD. You can execute AT+HTTPREAD? to check the total data saved in buffer, then AT+HTTPREAD=<byte_size> to read out data to port. If parameter <byte_size> is set greater than the size of data saved in buffer, all data in buffer will output to port.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPREAD</th>
<th>Read the Response of HTTP Server</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Read Command
AT+HTTPREAD?

Response
a) If check successfully:
+HTTPREAD: LEN,<len>

OK
b) If failed (no more data other error):
ERROR

Execute Command
AT+HTTPREAD=[<start_addr>,]<byte_size>

Response
a) If read the response info successfully:
OK
+HTTPREAD: <data_len>
<data>
+HTTPREAD:0
If <byte_size> is bigger than the data size received, module will only return actual data size.
b) If read failed:
ERROR

Defined Values
<start_addr>
The starting read position of the response information, can be omitted.

<byte_size>
The length of data to read, if there’s only one parameter, that would be set as byte_size.

<datalen>
The actual length of read data

<data>
Response content from HTTP server

<len>
Total size of data saved in buffer.

2.7 AT+HTTPDATA Input HTTP Data

You can use AT+HTTPDATA to input data to post when you send a HTTP/HTTPS POST request.

AT+HTTPDATA Input HTTP Data

Execute Command
AT+HTTPDATA=<size>,<time>

Response
a) If parameter format is right:
DOWNLOAD
<input data here>
When the total size of the inputted data reaches <size>, TA will report the following code. Otherwise, the serial port will be blocked.
OK

b) If parameter format is wrong or other errors occur:
ERROR

2.8 AT+HTTPPOSTFILE  Send HTTP Request to HTTP(S) server by File

You also can send HTTP request in a file via AT+HTTPPOSTFILE command. The URL must be set by AT+HTTPPARA before executing AT+HTTPPOSTFILE command. If set `<send_header>` to 0, you can customize any HTTP request in the file, module will send the file as HTTP header and body, else if set `<send_header>` to 1, modem will package a HTTP request itself, the file will be sent as HTTP body. The parameter `<path>` can be used to set the file directory. When modem has received response from HTTP server, it will report the following URC:

+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>[,<httpstatuscode>[,<content_length>]]

Note: The parameter `<method>`, `<send_header>`, `<path>` can be omitted, and the default value of `<send_header>` is 0, the default `<path>` is 1 (/cache), default method is 1 (POST)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPPOSTFILE  Send HTTP Request to HTTP(S) server by File</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Test Command</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPPOSTFILE=?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+HTTPPOSTFILE :=&lt;filename&gt;[,(1-3)][,(0-3)][,(0-1)]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Execute Command</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPPOSTFILE=&lt;filename&gt;[,&lt;path&gt;][,&lt;method&gt;][,send_header]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Response

a) if parameter format is right and server connected successfully:
OK

+HTTPPOSTFILE:
<method>,<httpstatuscode>,<content_len>

b) if parameter format is right but server connected unsuccessfully:
OK

+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>,<errcode>,0

c) if parameter format is not right or any other error occurs:
ERROR

Defined Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;filename&gt;</th>
<th>String type, filename, the max length is 256.unit:byte.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;path&gt;</td>
<td>The directory where the sent file saved. Numeric type, range is</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
HTTP method specification:
0 – GET
1 – POST
2 – HEAD
3 – DELETE

Send file as HTTP header and Body Or Only as Body.
Numeric type, the range is 0-1, the default is 0.
0 – Send file as HTTP header and body
1 – Send file as Body

2.9 AT+HTTPREADFILE  Receive HTTP Response Content to a file

After execute AT+HTTPACTION/AT+HTTPPOSTFILE command. You can receive the HTTP server response content to a file via AT+HTTPREADFILE.

Before AT+HTTPREADFILE executed, “+HTTPACTION:<method>,<httpstatuscode>,<content_len>” or “+HTTPPOSTFILE: <httpsatuscode>,<content_len>” must be received. The parameter <path> can be used to set the directory where to save the file. If omit parameter <path>, the file will be save to /cache.

Note: by setting <path> to 4, you can download CA files to directory /mssl_cert/, which is used for SSL verification, details please refer SIM7500_SIM7600_SIM7800 Series_SSL_AT_Commands_Manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AT+HTTPREADFILE Receive HTTP Response Content to a File</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Command</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AT+HTTPREADFILE=?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+HTTPREADFILE :&lt;filename&gt;[,(1-4)]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Execute Command                                       |
| AT+HTTPREADFILE=<filename>[,<path>]                   |
| Response                                              |
| a) if parameter format is right:                      |
| OK                                                    |
| +HTTPREADFILE: <result>                              |
| b) if parameter format is not right or any other error occurs: |
| ERROR                                                 |

Defined Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;filename&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>String type, filename, the max length is 256.unit:byte.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 – F:/ (/cache/)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 – D:/(sd card)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 – E:/ (/data/media/)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 – /mssl_cert/(this is for CA file downloading)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;path&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 – F:/ (/cache/)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 – D:/(sd card)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 – E:/ (/data/media/)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 – /mssl_cert/(this is for CA file downloading)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Example

Before all HTTP related operations, we should ensure the following:

a) ensure GPRS network is available:

```
AT+CSQ
+CSQ: 23,0
OK

AT+CREG?
+CREG: 0,1
OK

AT+CGREG?
+CGREG: 0,1
OK
```

b) PDP context Enable:

```
AT+CGSOCKCONT=1,"IP","CMNET"
OK

AT+CGPADDR
+CGPADDR: 1,10.49.14.68 //ensure the first PDP context get a IP address
+CGPADDR: 4,0.0.0.0
OK
```

Note: usually CSOCKAUTH and CSOCKSETPN parameter are kept default if not care about.
3.1 Access to HTTP server

3.1.1 Send HTTP GET Request

Following commands shows how to send a HTTP GET request to server, and how to read HTTP response.

```
AT+HTTPINIT //start HTTP service, activate PDP context
OK

//set the URL which will be accessed, for HTTP, the request URL begins with “HTTP://”
OK

AT+HTTPACTION=0 //send HTTP GET request
OK

+HTTPACTION: 0,200,22505 //22505 is the length of HTTP response information
AT+HTTPHEAD //read the HTTP response header
+HTTPHEAD: 387 //387 is the length of response header

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx
Content-Type: text/html
Connection: close
Date: Thu, 16 Aug 2018 05:13:36 GMT
Powered-By-ChinaCache: MISS from 06053423gG.15
ETag: W/"5b7379f5-57e9"
Last-Modified: Wed, 15 Aug 2018 00:55:17 GMT
Expires: Thu, 16 Aug 2018 05:18:36 GMT
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Cache-Hits: 14
Content-Length: 22505 // Content-Length indicates the length of HTTP response
```
information is 22505 bytes

CC_CACHE: TCP_REFRESH_HIT

Accept-Ranges: bytes

OK

//read the response information of HTTP server, the length to read is 500 bytes

AT+HTTPREAD=0,500
  +HTTPREAD: DATA,500

<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html;charset=GB2312"/>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Language" content="utf-8"/>
<meta content="all" name="robots"/>
<title>人民日报钟声:牢记历史是为了更好开创未来--观点--人民网</title>
<meta name="keywords" content=""/>
<meta name="description" content="日方应在正确对待历史?">

OK

AT+HTTPPTERM //stop HTTP Service

OK

3.1.2 Send HTTP POST Request

Following commands shows how to send HTTP POST request to server, and how to read HTTP response.

AT+HTTPINIT //start HTTP service, activate PDP context

OK
//set the URL which will be accessed, for HTTP, the request URL begins with “HTTP://”

AT+HTTPPARA="URL","http://api.efxnow.com/DEMOWebServices2.8/Service.asmx/Echo?"
OK

AT+HTTPDATA=18,1000 //send data to post, the length is 18 bytes
DOWNLOAD
Message=helloworld
OK

AT+HTTPACTION=1 //send HTTP POST request
OK

+HTTPACTION: 1,500,30 //30 is the length of HTTP response information

+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED

AT+HTTPHEAD //read the HTTP response header

+HTTPHEAD: 258
HTTP/1.1 500 Internal Server Error
Cache-Control: private
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8
Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.0
X-AspNet-Version: 2.0.50727
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
Date: Mon, 20 Aug 2018 04:18:58 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Length: 30

OK

//read the response information of HTTP server, the length to read is 30 bytes
AT+HTTPREAD=0,30
+HTTPREAD: DATA,30
Request format is invalid: .

OK
AT+HTTPTERM //stop HTTP Service
OK

3.1.3 Send HTTP HEAD Request

Following commands shows how to send HTTP HEAD request to server, and how to read HTTP response. HEAD request is used to only get HTTP response header from server, we use this method to test if we can connect to the server successfully.

AT+HTTPINIT //start HTTP service, activate PDP context
OK
OK
AT+HTTPACTION=2 //send a HEAD request to server to only get header of HTTP response
OK

+HTTPACTION: 2,200,387 //387 is the length of HTTP response header

+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED //server disconnect
AT+HTTPHEAD //read HTTP response header
+HTTPHEAD: 387

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx
Content-Type: text/html
3.1.4 POSTFILE to HTTP server and read HTTP response content to a file

Following commands show us how to send a file to HTTP server, and how to read HTTP content as a file. We have our HTTP GET request in a file getbaidu.txt, and save the file in directory “/data/media” before we execute AT+HTTPPOSTFILE.

```bash
AT+HTTPINIT //activate PDP, start HTTP service
OK
AT+HTTPPARA="URL","http://www.baidu.com" //set server URL
OK
AT+HTTPPOSTFILE="getbaidu.txt",0,0 //access server and send file getbaidu.txt to server
OK

+HTTPPOSTFILE: 0,200,14615
AT+HTTPHEAD //read the HTTP server response header information.

+HTTPHEAD: DATA,773
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Accept-Ranges: bytes
```
3.2 Access to HTTPS server

3.2.1 Send HTTPS GET Request

Following commands shows how to send HTTPS GET request to server, and how to read HTTPS response.

```
AT+HTTPINIT  //start HTTP service, activate PDP context
OK

//set the URL which will be accessed, for HTTPS, the request URL begins with “HTTPS://”
AT+HTTPPARA="URL","https://ss0.bdstatic.com/5aV1bjqh_Q23odCf/static/mancard/css/card_min_dee38"
e45.css

OK

AT+HTTPACTION=0 // send HTTPS GET request
OK

+HTTPACTION: 0,200,52060 // 52060 is the length of HTTPS response information
AT+HTTPHEAD // read HTTPS response header
+HTTPHEAD: 390 // 390 is the length of HTTPS response header

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: bfe/1.0.8.13-sslpool-patch
Date: Thu, 16 Aug 2018 11:38:08 GMT
Content-Type: text/css
Content-Length: 52060
Connection: close
ETag: "5a323f72-cb5c"
Last-Modified: Thu, 14 Dec 2017 09:08:02 GMT
Expires: Sat, 18 Aug 2018 09:50:53 GMT
Age: 2425635
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Cache-Control: max-age=2592000
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Ohc-Response-Time: 1 0 0 0 0 0

OK

// read the response information of HTTPS server, the length to read is 500 bytes
AT+HTTPREAD=0,500
+HTTPREAD: DATA,500
3.2.2 Send HTTPS POST Request

Following commands shows how to send HTTPS POST request to server, and how to read HTTPS response.

```
AT+HTTPINIT //start HTTP service, activate PDP context
OK

//set the URL which will be accessed, for HTTPS, the request URL begins with “HTTPS://”
AT+HTTPPARA="URL","https://pv.csdn.net/csdnbi"
OK

AT+HTTPDATA=465,1000 //send data to post, the length is 465 bytes
DOWNLOAD //prompt string which indicates you can input data here
OK

AT+HTTPACTION=1 //send HTTPS post request
OK

+HTTPACTION: 1,200,2 // 2 is the length of HTTPS response information
OK
```
+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED

AT+HTTPHEAD //read the HTTPS response header

+HTTPHEAD: 377

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Server: openresty

Date: Mon, 20 Aug 2018 03:20:30 GMT

Content-Type: application/octet-stream

Connection: close

Set-Cookie: uuid_tt_dd=10_37481894210-1534735230305-445993; Expires=Thu, 01 Jan 2025 00:00:00 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.csdn.net;

Set-Cookie: dc_session_id=10_1534735230305.501284; Expires=Thu, 01 Jan 2025 00:00:00 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.csdn.net;

OK

//read the response information of HTTPS server, the length to read is 10 bytes

AT+HTTPREAD=0,10

+HTTPREAD: DATA,2

ok //ok is the content of HTTPS response information, 2 bytes

OK

AT+HTTPTERM //stop HTTP Service

OK

3.2.3 Send HTTPS HEAD Request

Following commands shows how to send HTTPS HEAD request to server, and how to read HTTPS response.

AT+HTTPINIT //start HTTP service, activate PDP context

OK
//set the URL which will be accessed, for HTTPS, the request URL begins with “HTTPS://”

AT+HTTPPARA="URL","https://ss0.bdstatic.com/5aV1bjqh_Q23odCf/static/mancard/css/card_min_dee38e45.css"

OK

AT+HTTPACTION=2 // send HTTPS HEAD request

OK

+HTTPACTION: 2,200,390 // 390 is the length of HTTPS response header

+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED

AT+HTTPHEAD //read HTTPS response header

+HTTPHEAD: 390

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: bfe/1.0.8.13-sslpool-patch
Date: Thu, 16 Aug 2018 11:46:22 GMT
Content-Type: text/css
Content-Length: 52060
Connection: close
ETag: "5a323f72-cb5c"
Last-Modified: Thu, 14 Dec 2017 09:08:02 GMT
Expires: Sat, 18 Aug 2018 09:50:53 GMT
Age: 2426129
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Cache-Control: max-age=2592000
Vary: Accept-Encoding
OHC-Response-Time: 1 0 0 0 0 0
OK
AT+HTTPTERM  //stop HTTP Service
OK

3.1.4 POSTFILE to HTTPS server and read HTTPS response content to a file

AT+HTTPINIT  //activate PDP,start HTTP service
OK
AT+HTTPPARA="URL","https://www.baidu.com"  //set server URL
OK
AT+HTTPPOSTFILE="getbaidu.txt",0,0  //access server and send file getbaidu.txt to server
OK

+HTTPPOSTFILE: 0,200,14615
AT+HTTPHEAD  //read the HTTP server response header information.

+HTTPHEAD: DATA,773
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Cache-Control: no-cache
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Length: 14615
Content-Type: text/html
Date: Thu, 13 Sep 2018 05:14:30 GMT
Etag: "5b8641dc-3917"
Last-Modified: Wed, 29 Aug 2018 06:49:00 GMT
P3p: CP=" OTI DSP COR IVA OUR IND COM "
Pragma: no-cache
Server: BWS/1.1
Set-Cookie: BAIDUID=A374BCFD28DFEEAF0BA0C4EEAC77B0B0:FG=1; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37 23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647; path=;/ domain=.baidu.com
Set-Cookie: BIDUPSID=A374BCFD28DFEEAF0BA0C4EEAC77B0B0; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37 23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647; path=;/ domain=.baidu.com
Set-Cookie: PSTM=1536815670; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37 23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647; path=;/ domain=.baidu.com
Vary: Accept-Encoding
X-Ua-Compatible: IE=Edge,chrome=1

OK
4 Summary of HTTP Response Code

HTTP status code responded by remote server, refer to HTTP 1.1(RFC 2616).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;statuscode&gt;</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>Continue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Switching Protocols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td>Created</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td>Accepted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202</td>
<td>Non-Authoritative Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>204</td>
<td>No Content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td>Reset Content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>206</td>
<td>Partial Content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>207</td>
<td>Multiple Choices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>Moved Permanently</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>Found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>See Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>Not Modified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>Use Proxy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>Temporary Redirect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>Bad Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401</td>
<td>Unauthorized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402</td>
<td>Payment Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403</td>
<td>Forbidden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>404</td>
<td>Not Found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td>Method Not Allowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>406</td>
<td>Not Acceptable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>407</td>
<td>Proxy Authentication Required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 Summary of HTTP error Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP code</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>701</td>
<td>Alert state</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>702</td>
<td>Unknown error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>703</td>
<td>Busy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>704</td>
<td>Connection closed error</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HTTP code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED</td>
<td>It’s a notification message while received, it means the connection has been closed by server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+HTTP_NONET_EVENT</td>
<td>It’s a notification message, while received, it means now the network is unavailable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HTTP error code:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>&lt;statuscode&gt;</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>705</td>
<td>Timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>706</td>
<td>Receive/send socket data failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>707</td>
<td>File not exists or other memory error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>708</td>
<td>Invalid parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>709</td>
<td>Network error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>710</td>
<td>start a new ssl session failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>711</td>
<td>Wrong state</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>712</td>
<td>Failed to create socket</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>713</td>
<td>Get DNS failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>714</td>
<td>Connect socket failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>715</td>
<td>Handshake failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>716</td>
<td>Close socket failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>717</td>
<td>No network error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>718</td>
<td>Send data timeout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>719</td>
<td>CA missed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>